



Preventative care with regular health checkups is beneficial to your patients.

Consider developing a personalized prevention plan to help them on their healthcare journey.

Medicaid members can be seen at least once per calendar year for preventative care exams.

Note: Healthy infants should be seen by their doctor often during the first year of life.

Age Range	Exam Components	Some topics to cover during the exam
Age 0-2 (preventive care at: 2-3 days after coming home and then: 1 month old 2 months old 4 months old 6 months old 9 months old)	 Measure head circumference Length/height, weight, BMI Age-appropriate exam 	 ✓ Development progress ✓ Newborn screenings ✓ Hearing issues ✓ Vision Problems ✓ Labs/tests and screenings as applicable ✓ Immunizations as applicable
Age 3-10	 Annual Exam Height, weight, BMI Blood pressure Age-appropriate exam and history Dental, vision and hearing screenings Medication Reconciliation 	 ✓ Dental Care ✓ Obesity ✓ Development/Behavioral screening ✓ Labs/tests and screenings as applicable ✓ Immunizations as applicable
Age 11-19	 Annual Exam Height, weight, BMI Blood pressure Age-appropriate exam and history Dental, vision and hearing screenings Obesity Screening Medication Reconciliation 	✓ Diet and physical activity ✓ Domestic violence/abuse screening ✓ Anxiety/Depression screening ✓ Alcohol, Tobacco and drug use ✓ Sexual Health (contraception and STDs) ✓ Labs/tests and screenings as applicable ✓ Immunizations as applicable
Age 20-49	 Annual Exam Height, weight, BMI, Blood pressure/Hypertension Screening Cardiovascular screening Cancer Screenings (skin, colon, breast, cervical etc.) Diabetes Screening Obesity Screening Medication Reconciliation 	✓ Diet and physical activity ✓ Domestic violence/abuse screening ✓ Anxiety/Depression screening ✓ Alcohol, Tobacco and drug use ✓ Gynecological health referral ✓ Sexual Health (contraception and STDs) ✓ Labs/tests and screenings as applicable ✓ Immunizations as applicable



50 and older Annual Exam ✓ Advanced Care Planning Height, weight, BMI, ✓ Anxiety/Cognitive/Depression screening Blood pressure/Hypertension ✓ Alcohol, Tobacco and drug use Screening Diet and physical activity Cardiovascular screening ✓ Domestic violence/abuse screening Cancer Screenings (skin, colon, ✓ Fall/Balance/Activities of daily living risks breast, etc.) ✓ Sexual Health (contraception and STDs) Diabetes Screening ✓ Refer/order preventive Labs/tests and Lung Cancer Screening screenings as applicable Obesity Screening ✓ Immunizations as applicable Urinary incontinence ✓ Gynecological health referral Medication Reconciliation

When evaluating members and establishing the presence of a diagnosis, remember to put the M.E.A.T. (Monitoring, Evaluating, Assessing/Addressing, & Treating) in your documentation.

Monitoring	Evaluating	Assessing/Addressing	Treating
Signs	Test Results	Ordering Tests	Medications
Symptoms	Medication Effectiveness	Discussion	Therapies
Disease Progression	Response to Treatment	Review Records	Other Modalities
 Disease Regression 		Counseling	Referrals to Specialists
		Planning	Disease Management Program
			Testing

TIPS to ensure healthy outcomes:

- ✓ Always share tests and screenings results with members and how they can assess them via a patient portal
- ✓ Be sure to submit all applicable conditions via ICD 10 codes Leverage CPT Category II codes to ensure outcomes to reduce chart collection events

Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems CAHPS®

Your Success is Our Success: CMS or NCQA may ask your patients how you rate in the annual Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems CAHPS® survey. Our goal is to partner with our providers to serve your patients with the best healthcare possible. Improving your patient's experience during their office visit has been proven to improve healthcare outcomes and increase patient compliance with treatment plans.



Ensure your patient's satisfaction:

- See patient within 15 minutes;
- write prescriptions for medications on formulary;
- share test results as soon as you get them;
- help coordinate and manage care to other health services;
- and refer patients to network specialists.

